



User Manual

Read and understand this manual before using machine.

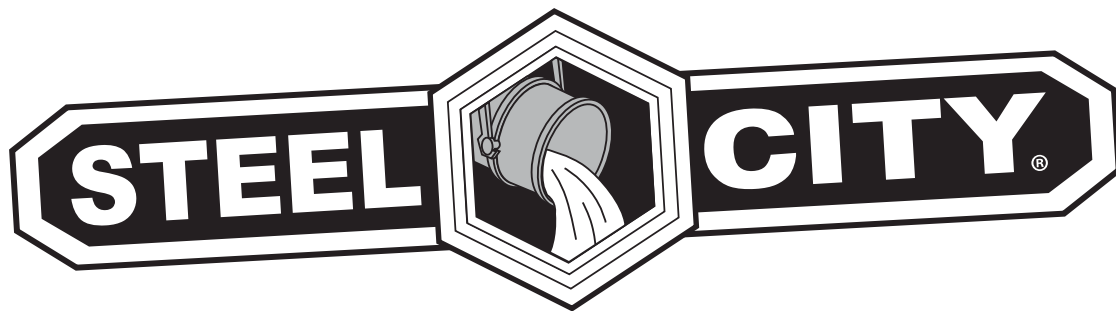
14" DELUXE 2 SPEED HYBRID BANDSAW



Model Number
50155G
50155C



STEEL CITY TOOL WORKS
VER. 12.19.13



THANK YOU for purchasing your new Steel City Bandsaw. This bandsaw has been designed, tested, and inspected with you, the customer, in mind. When properly assembled, used and maintained, your bandsaw will provide you with years of trouble free service, which is why it is backed by one of the best machinery warranties in the business.

This bandsaw is just one of many products in the Steel City's family of woodworking machinery and is proof of our commitment to total customer satisfaction.

At Steel City we continue to strive for excellence each and every day and value the opinion of you, our customer. For comments about your bandsaw or Steel City Tool Works, please visit our web site at www.steelcitytoolworks.com .

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INTRODUCTION

This user manual is intended for use by anyone working with this machine. It should be kept available for immediate reference so that all operations can be performed with maximum efficiency and safety. Do not attempt to perform maintenance or operate this machine until you have read and understand the information contained in this manual.

The drawings, illustrations, photographs, and specifications in this user manual represent your machine at time of print. However, changes may be made to your machine or this manual at any time with no obligation to Steel City Tool Works.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Product Specifications:

Cutting Capacity (Height)	12" / 305 mm
Cutting Capacity (Width)	13 1/2" / 343 mm
Blade Length	105"
Blade Speed	1500 / 3000 SFPM
Minimum Blade Width	1/8"
Maximum Blade Width	3/4"
Table Size G	16" X 21"
Table Size C	16" X 16"
Table Tilt	45R, 3L
Table Height from Floor	39" / 990 mm
Wheel Diameter	14" / 356 mm
Dust Port Size	4" / 102 mm

Product Dimensions:

Footprint	28" x 20-3/4"
Width	32" / 815 mm
Depth	31.5" / 805 mm
Height	71" / 1804 mm
Net Weight	291 lb. / 132 kg

Shipping Dimensions:

Carton Type	Cardboard / Metal
Width	23" / 580 mm
Depth	22" / 560 mm
Height	74" / 1880 mm
Gross Weight	307 lbs. / 139 kg

Motor Specifications:

Horsepower	1-1/2 HP
Amps	14
Volts	115
Phase	Single
Hertz	60 Hz
RPM	1725

ACCESSORIES AND ATTACHMENTS

- **50417** 105" x 1/8" x 14T x .025 HP
- **50420** 105" x 3/8" x 3T x .032 AS
- **50423** 105" x 3/4" x 3T x .025 AS-S
- **50418** 105" x 3/16" x 10T x .025 RK
- **50421** 105" x 1/2" x 3T x .025 PC
- **50419** 105" x 1/4" x 6T x .025 PC
- **50422** 105" x 1/2" x 3T x .032 AS

There are a variety of accessories available for your Steel City Product. For more information on any accessories associated with this and other machines, please contact your nearest Steel City distributor, or visit our website at: www.steelcitytoolworks.com

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Blade drift: A problem that may occur when the blade begins to wander off the cutting line.

Crosscutting: Cutting across the grain of the workpiece.

Guide Bearings: Located on either side of the blade, providing stability for blade while in operation.

Resaw: The process of slicing stock to reduce its thickness.

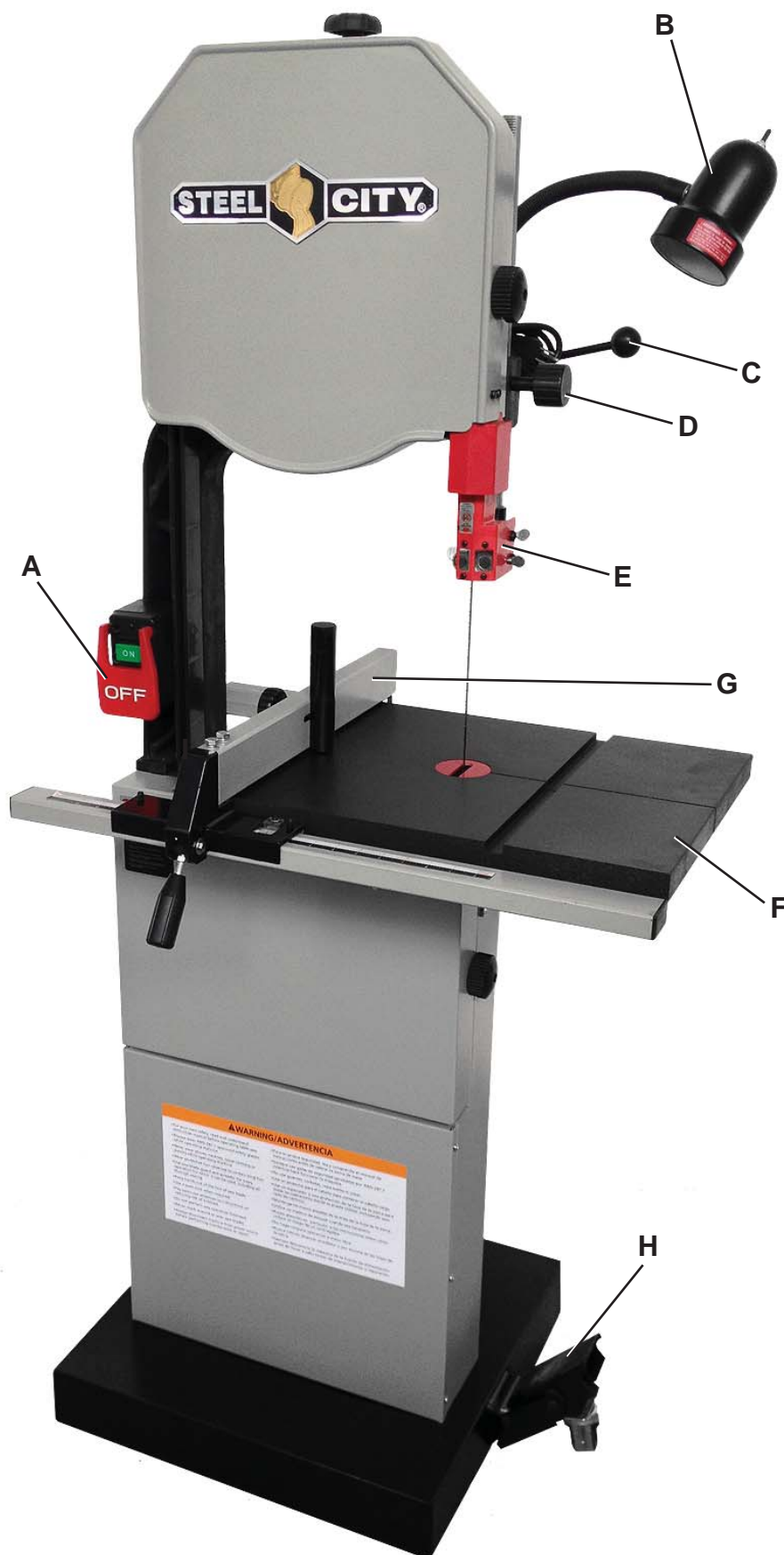
Ripping: Cutting lengthwise down the workpiece with the grain of the wood.

Set: Refers to the way in which the saw teeth are bent or positioned.

Tracking: Refers to the position of the saw blade on the wheels while the machine is running.

Thrust Bearing: Located behind the saw blade, providing support to the back of the blade when the saw is in operation.

FEATURE IDENTIFICATION



- A. Power Switch
- B. Flexible Lamp
- C. Blade Tension Cam Handle
- D. Blade Guard Adjustment Knob
- E. Blade Guard
- F. Table
- G. Fence Assembly
- H. Mobile Base Caster Assembly

GENERAL SAFETY

WARNING

TO AVOID serious injury and damage to the machine, read and follow all Safety and Operating Instructions before assembling and operating this machine.

This manual is not totally comprehensive. It does not and can not convey every possible safety and operational problem which may arise while using this machine. The manual will cover many of the basic and specific safety procedures needed in an industrial environment.

All federal and state laws and any regulations having jurisdiction covering the safety requirements for use of this machine take precedence over the statements in this manual. Users of this machine must adhere to all such regulations.

Below is a list of symbols that are used to attract your attention to possible dangerous conditions.



This is the international safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **WILL** result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **COULD** result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, if not avoided, **MAY** result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

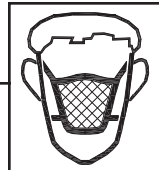
CAUTION

CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

NOTICE

This symbol is used to alert the user to useful information about proper operation of the machine.

WARNING



Exposure to the dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities may cause serious and permanent respiratory or other injury, including silicosis (a serious lung disease), cancer, and death. Avoid breathing the dust, and avoid prolonged contact with dust. The dust may contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

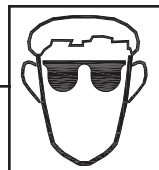
Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints.
- Crystalline silica from bricks, cement and other masonry products.
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Always operate tool in well ventilated area and provide for proper dust removal. Use a dust collection system along with an air filtration system whenever possible. Always use properly fitting NIOSH/OSHA approved respiratory protection appropriate for the dust exposure, and wash exposed areas with soap and water.

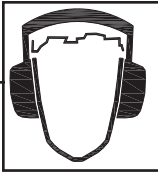
1. To avoid serious injury and damage to the machine, read the entire User Manual before assembly and operation of this machine.

WARNING



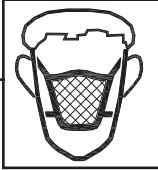
2. **ALWAYS** wear eye protection. Any machine can throw debris into the eyes during operations, which could cause severe and permanent eye damage. Everyday eyeglasses are **NOT** safety glasses. **ALWAYS** wear Safety Goggles (that comply with ANSI standard Z87.1) when operating power tools.

⚠ WARNING



3. **ALWAYS** wear hearing protection. Plain cotton is not an acceptable protective device. Hearing equipment should comply with ANSI S3.19 Standards.

⚠ WARNING



4. **ALWAYS** wear a NIOSH/OSHA approved dust mask to prevent inhaling dangerous dust or airborne particles.
5. **ALWAYS** keep the work area clean, well lit, and organized. **DO NOT** work in an area that has slippery floor surfaces from debris, grease, and wax.
6. **ALWAYS** unplug the machine from the electrical receptacle before making adjustments, changing parts or performing any maintenance.
7. **AVOID ACCIDENTAL STARTING.** Make sure that the power switch is in the "OFF" position before plugging in the power cord to the electrical receptacle.

⚠ WARNING



8. **AVOID** a dangerous working environment. **DO NOT** use electrical tools in a damp environment or expose them to rain or moisture.

⚠ WARNING



9. **CHILDPROOF THE WORKSHOP AREA** by removing switch keys, unplugging tools from the electrical receptacles, and using padlocks.
10. **DO NOT** use electrical tools in the presence of flammable liquids or gasses.

11. **DO NOT FORCE** the machine to perform an operation for which it was not designed. It will do a safer and higher quality job by only performing operations for which the machine was intended.
12. **DO NOT** stand on a machine. Serious injury could result if it tips over or you accidentally contact any moving part.
13. **DO NOT** store anything above or near the machine.
14. **DO NOT** operate any machine or tool if under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication.
15. **EACH AND EVERY** time, check for damaged parts prior to using any machine. Carefully check all guards to see that they operate properly, are not damaged, and perform their intended functions. Check for alignment, binding or breakage of all moving parts. Any guard or other part that is damaged should be immediately repaired or replaced.
16. Ground all machines. If any machine is supplied with a 3-prong plug, it must be plugged into a 3-contact electrical receptacle. The third prong is used to ground the tool and provide protection against accidental electric shock. **DO NOT** remove the third prong.
17. Keep visitors and children away from any machine. **DO NOT** permit people to be in the immediate work area, especially when the machine is operating.
18. **KEEP** protective guards in place and in working order.
19. **MAINTAIN** your balance. **DO NOT** extend yourself over the tool. Wear oil resistant rubber soled shoes. Keep floor clear of debris, grease, and wax.
20. **MAINTAIN** all machines with care. **ALWAYS KEEP** machine clean and in good working order. **KEEP** all blades and tool bits sharp.
21. **NEVER** leave a machine running, unattended. Turn the power switch to the OFF position. **DO NOT** leave the machine until it has come to a complete stop.
22. **REMOVE ALL MAINTENANCE TOOLS** from the immediate area prior to turning the machine ON.
23. **SECURE** all work. When it is possible, use clamps or jigs to secure the workpiece. This is safer than attempting to hold the workpiece with your hands.
24. **STAY ALERT**, watch what you are doing, and use common sense when operating any machine. **DO NOT** operate any machine tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.

25. **USE ONLY** recommended accessories. Use of incorrect or improper accessories could cause serious injury to the operator and cause damage to the machine. If in doubt, **DO NOT** use it.
26. **THE USE** of extension cords is not recommended for 230V equipment. It is better to arrange the placement of your equipment and the installed wiring to eliminate the need for an extension cord. If an extension cord is necessary, refer to the chart in the Grounding Instructions section to determine the minimum gauge for the extension cord. The extension cord must also contain a ground wire and plug pin.
27. Wear proper clothing, **DO NOT** wear loose clothing, gloves, neckties, or jewelry. These items can get caught in the machine during operations and pull the operator into the moving parts. Users must wear a protective cover on their hair, if the hair is long, to prevent it from contacting any moving parts.

28. **SAVE** these instructions and refer to them frequently and use them to instruct other users.
29. Information regarding the safe and proper operation of this tool is also available from the following sources:

Power Tool Institute
1300 Summer Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44115-2851
www.powertoolinstitute.org

National Safety Council
1121 Spring Lake Drive
Itasca, IL 60143-3201

American National Standards Institute
25 West 43rd St, 4th Floor
New York, NY 10036
ANSI Z39.1 Safety Requirements
For Woodworking Machines
WWW.ANSI.ORG

U.S. Department of Labor Regulations
OSHA 1910.213 Regulations
WWW.OSHA.GOV

PRODUCT SAFETY

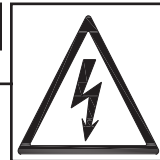
1. Serious personal injury may occur if normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored. Accidents are frequently caused by lack of familiarity or failure to pay attention. Obtain advice from supervisor, instructor, or another qualified individual who is familiar with this machine and its operations.
2. Every work area is different. Always consider safety first, as it applies to your work area. Use this machine with respect and caution. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury and damage to the machine.
3. Prevent electrical shock. Follow all electrical and safety codes, including the National Electrical Code (NEC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Regulations (OSHA). All electrical connections and wiring should be made by qualified personnel only.
5. **STOP** using this machine, if at any time you experience difficulties in performing any operation. Contact your supervisor, instructor or machine service center immediately.
6. Safety decals are on this machine to warn and direct you to how to protect yourself or visitors from personal injury. These decals **MUST** be maintained so that they are legible. **REPLACE** decals that are not legible.
7. **DO NOT** leave the unit plugged into the electrical outlet. Unplug the unit from the outlet when not in use and before servicing, performing maintenance tasks, or cleaning.
8. **ALWAYS** turn the power switch "OFF" before unplugging the bandsaw.

WARNING



4. **TO REDUCE** the risk of electrical shock. **DO NOT** use this machine outdoors. **DO NOT** expose to rain or moisture. Store indoors in a dry area.

WARNING

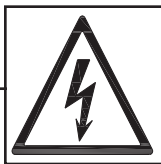


9. **DO NOT** handle the plug or bandsaw with wet hands.

10. **USE** accessories only recommended by Steel City.
11. **DO NOT** pull the bandsaw by the power cord. **NEVER** allow the power cord to come in contact with sharp edges, hot surfaces, oil or grease.
12. **DO NOT** unplug the bandsaw by pulling on the power cord. **ALWAYS** grasp the plug, not the cord.
13. **REPLACE** a damaged cord immediately. **DO NOT** use a damaged cord or plug. **DO NOT USE** if the bandsaw is not operating properly, or has been damaged, left outdoors or has been in contact with water.
14. **DO NOT** use the bandsaw as a toy. **DO NOT** use near or around children.
15. **ENSURE** that the machine sits firmly on the floor before using. If the machine wobbles or is unstable, correct the problem by using shims or blocks prior to operation.
16. **MATCH** the blade type and size to the workpiece being cut.
17. **MAKE SURE** that the blade tension is set appropriately for the size of blade being used.
18. **MAKE SURE** that the blade is tracking properly by manually turning the wheels before starting the machine.
19. **ADJUST** all blade guides as specified in the operating instructions.
20. **ADJUST** the upper guide to a point about 1/4" above the workpiece being cut.
21. **DO NOT** cut workpieces that do not have a flat bottom without properly supporting the piece to maintain a stable position.
22. **KEEP** hand and fingers away from blade.
23. **HOLD** workpiece firmly and use a moderate feed speed.
24. **MAKE** "relief" cuts before cutting curves.
25. **TURN OFF** machine before backing the workpiece out of an incomplete cut.
26. **TURN OFF** the machine before removing scrap pieces.
27. With the machine **TURNED OFF**, clean dust build-up around lower blade guides regularly.

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

WARNING



To reduce the risk of electric shock, follow all electrical and safety codes, including the National Electric Code (NEC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Regulations (OSHA). All electrical connections and wiring should be made by qualified personnel only.

The switch provided with your saw is designed to function at 115 volts. The switch and saw come prewired for 115 volt operation.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

⚠ WARNING



This machine **MUST BE GROUNDED** while in use to protect the operator from electric shock.

In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, **GROUNDING** provides the path of least resistance for electric current and reduces the risk of electric shock. The plug **MUST** be plugged into a matching electrical receptacle that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with **ALL** local codes and ordinances.

If a plug is provided with your machine **DO NOT** modify the plug. If it will not fit your electrical receptacle, have a qualified electrician install the proper connections to meet all electrical codes local and state. All connections must also adhere to all of OSHA mandates.

IMPROPER ELECTRICAL CONNECTION of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in risk of electric shock. The conductor with the green insulation (with or without yellow stripes) is the equipment-grounding conductor. **DO NOT** connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal.

Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if you do not completely understand the grounding instructions, or if you are not sure the tool is properly grounded.

PLUGS/RECEPTACLES

⚠ WARNING



- Electrocutation or fire could result if this machine is not grounded properly or if the electrical configuration does not comply with local and state electrical codes.
- **MAKE CERTAIN** the machine is disconnected from power source before starting any electrical work.
- **MAKE SURE** the circuit breaker does not exceed the rating of the plug and receptacle.

The motor supplied with your machine is a 115 volt, 60 hertz, single phase motor.

The machine should only be connected to an outlet having the same configuration as the plug.

EXTENSION CORDS

⚠ WARNING



To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, use the proper gauge of extension cord. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current your machine will draw.

The smaller the gauge-number, the larger the diameter of the extension cord is. If in doubt of the proper size of an extension cord, use a shorter and thicker cord. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in a loss of power and overheating.

⚠ CAUTION

USE ONLY a 3-wire extension cord that has a 3-prong grounding plug and a 3-pole receptacle that accepts the machine's plug.

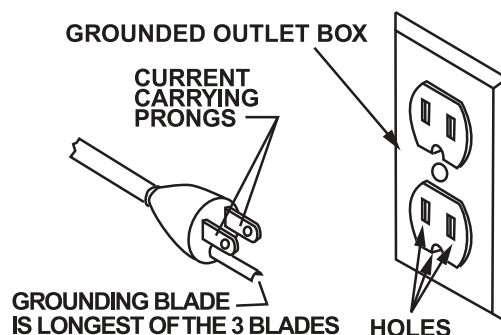
If you are using an extension cord outdoors, be sure it is marked with the suffix "W-A" ("W" in Canada) to indicate that it is acceptable for outdoor use.

Make certain the extension cord is properly sized, and in good electrical condition. Always replace a worn or damaged extension cord immediately or have it repaired by a qualified person before using it.

Protect your extension cords from sharp objects, excessive heat, and damp or wet areas.

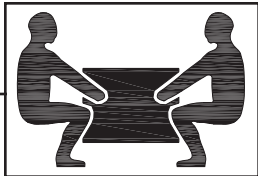
MINIMUM RECOMMENDED GAUGE FOR EXTENSION CORDS (AWG)

115 VOLT OPERATION ONLY			
	25' LONG	50' LONG	100' LONG
0 to 6 Amps	18 AWG	16 AWG	16 AWG
6 to 10 Amps	18 AWG	16 AWG	14 AWG
10 to 12 Amps	16 AWG	16 AWG	14 AWG
12 to 15 Amps	14 AWG	12 AWG	Not recommended



UNPACKING & INVENTORY

⚠ WARNING



- The machine is heavy, two people are required to unpack and lift.
- Use a safety strap to avoid tip over when lifting machine.

Check shipping carton and machine for damage before unpacking. Carefully remove packaging materials, parts and machine from shipping carton. Always check for and remove protective shipping materials around motors and moving parts. Lay out all parts on a clean work surface.

Remove any protective materials and coatings from all of the parts and the bandsaw. After cleaning, apply a good quality paste wax to any unpainted surfaces. Make sure to buff out the wax before assembly.

Compare the items to inventory figures; verify that all items are accounted for before discarding the shipping box.

⚠ WARNING

If any parts are missing, do not attempt to plug in the power cord and turn "ON" the machine. The machine should only be turned "ON" after all the parts have been obtained and installed correctly. For missing parts, contact Steel City at 1-877-SC4-TOOL.

SAW BODY ASSEMBLY

A. Assembly

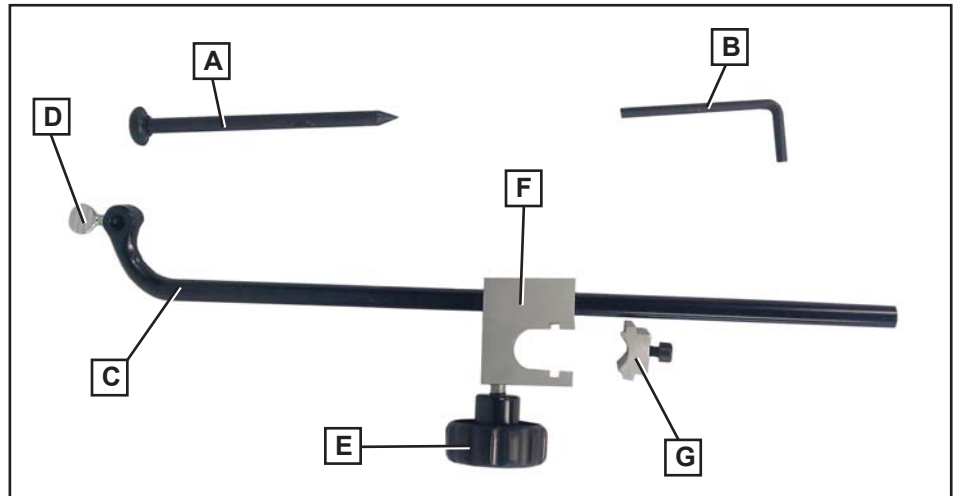
NOTE: Your new SCTW Band Saw is over 90% assembled.

A



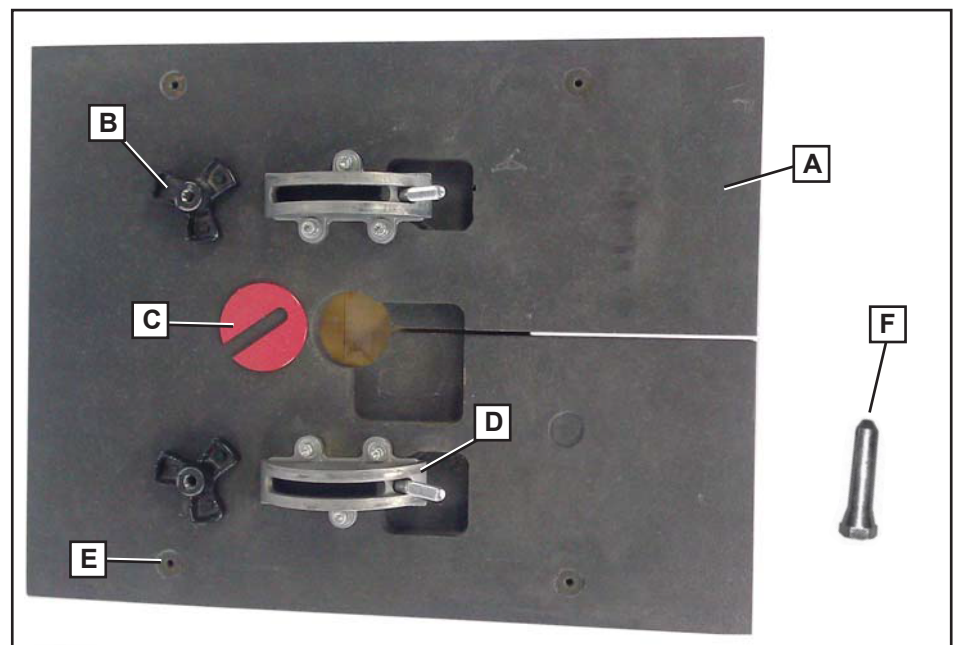
CIRCLE CUTTER

- A. Pin
- B. Allen 5mm
- C. Sliding Rod
- D. Thumb Screw
- E. Lock Knob
- F. Base
- G. Block



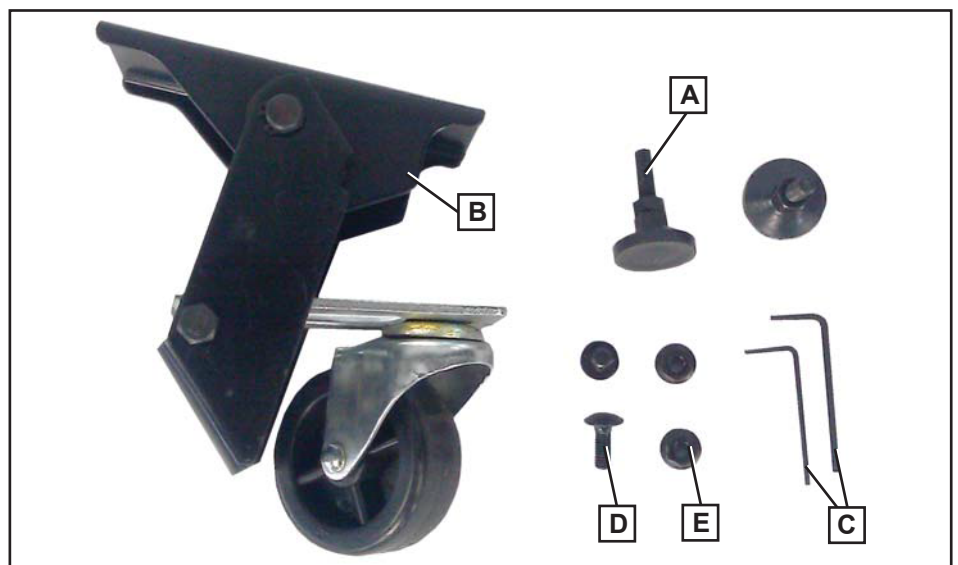
TABLE

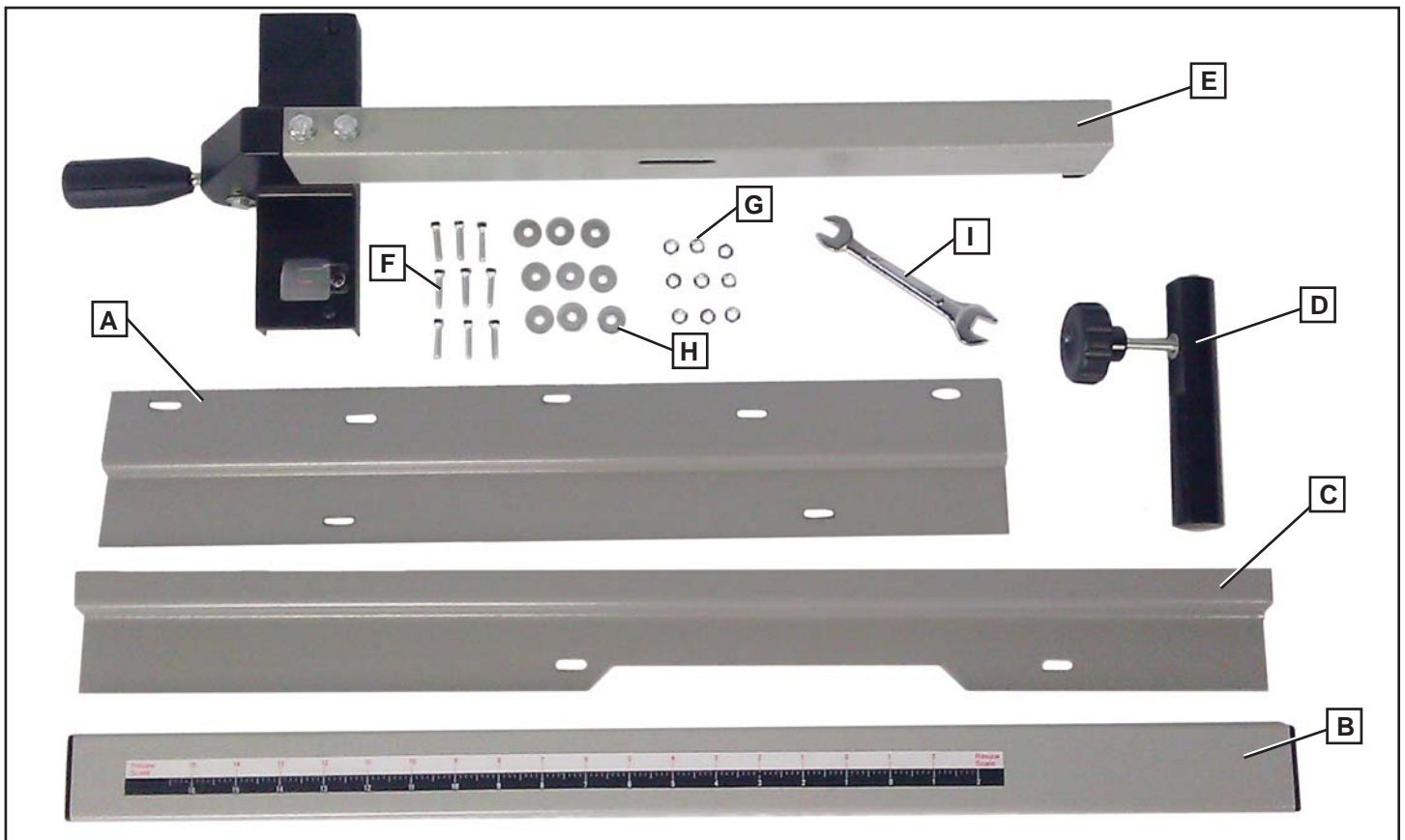
- A. Table
- B. Knobs (2)
- C. Insert
- D. Trunnion (2)
- E. Mounting Inserts
- F. Taper Pin (cast only)



MOBILITY KIT

- A. Adjustable Feet (2)
- B. Flip Wheel Assembly
- C. Allen Keys 3mm, 5mm (2)
- D. Carriage Bolts (2)
- E. Nuts (2)





FENCE

- A. Front Rail
- B. Guide Tube
- C. Rear Rail
- D. Resaw Post Assembly
- E. Fence
- F. M6 x 25mm Hex Head Screw (9)
- G. M6 Lock Washer (9)
- H. M6 Flat Washer (9)
- I. Wrench

ASSEMBLY

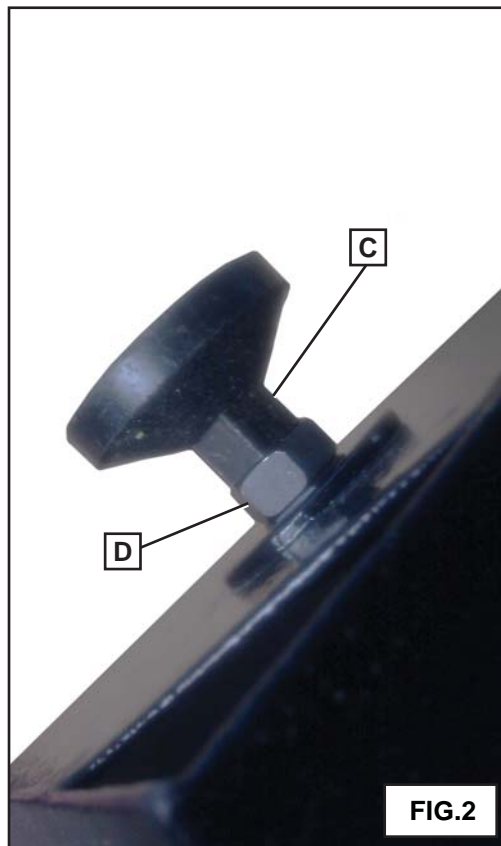
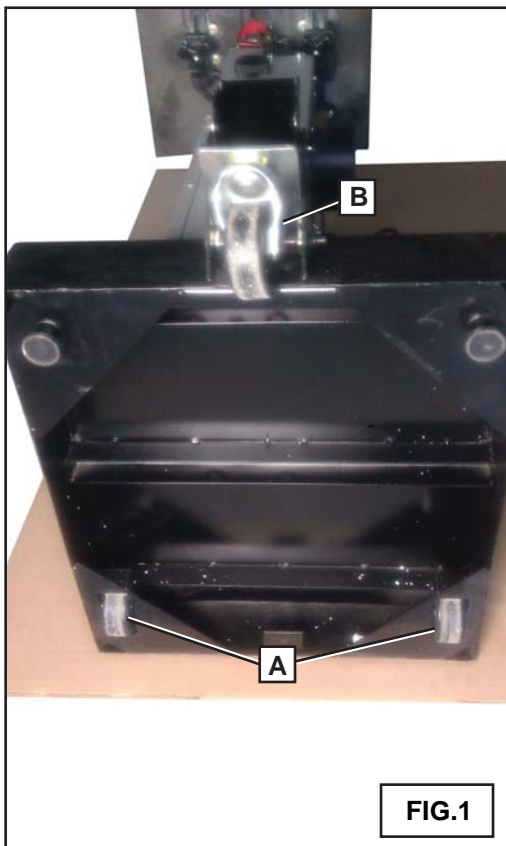
ATTACHING MOBILE BASE

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

The mobile base consists of one rotating adjustable caster wheel and two stationary wheels that allows you to move the bandsaw around your shop with ease. To install:

1. Remove the 3 mounting bolts that hold the bandsaw to the metal pallet. Lay the cardboard carton on the floor in a flat position. With assistance, tip the bandsaw onto the cardboard with the spine side down. **SEE FIG.1** .
2. The stationary wheels have already been attached **(A)**. Check to see that the bolts are tight in case they came loose in transport. **SEE FIG.1** .
3. Fasten the caster wheel assembly **(FIG.1 (B))** to the base using the two carriage bolts and nuts **(see mobility kit parts list on page 10)**.
4. Attach the leveling feet **(C)** by screwing the studs into the threaded holes from the bottom of the base. Do not tighten nuts **(D)** at this time as the feet will need to be adjusted to match the location of the bandsaw. **SEE FIG.2** .

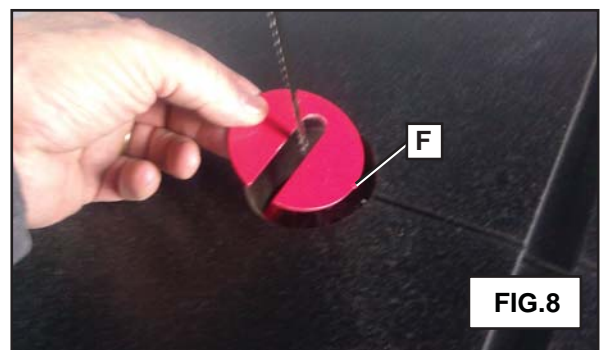
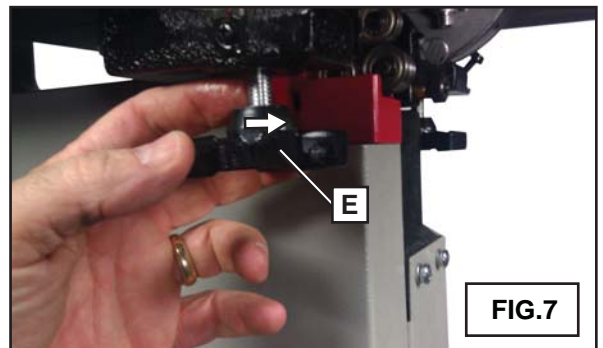
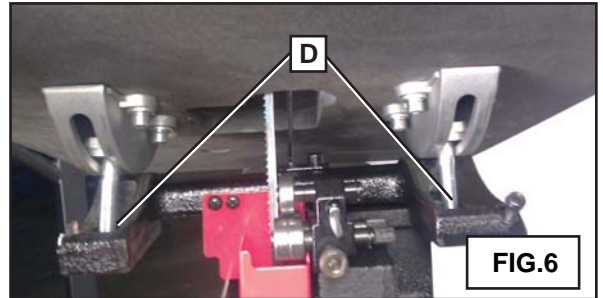
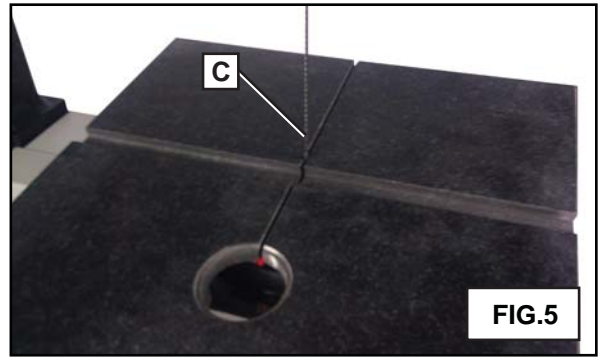
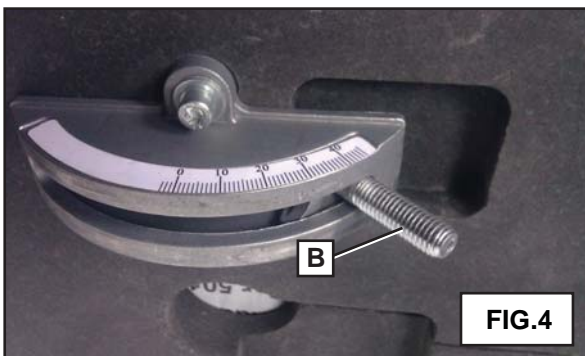
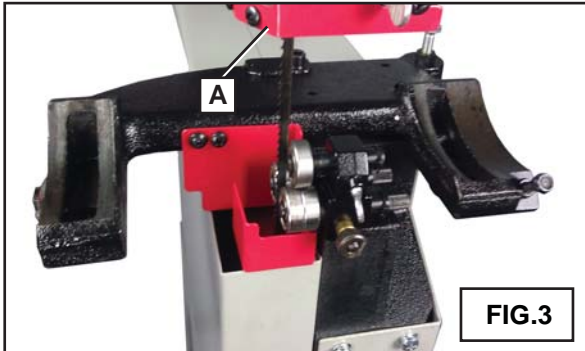


MOUNTING THE TABLE

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Raise the guard all the way to the highest position and leave the blade under tension. **FIG.3 (A)** shown in shipping position.
2. With the bolts hanging free (**FIG.4 (B)**), guide the blade through the slot in the table (**FIG.5 (C)**) and turn the table to guide the bolts into the openings in the trunnion bracket (**FIG.6 (D)**).
3. With bolts in place, turn knob (**E**) clockwise to tighten and repeat for the other side. **SEE FIG.7** .
4. Install the red insert into the opening (**F**) with detent in the slot. Please take note that the insert can go in upside down from reverse, this is your choice. **SEE FIG.8** .



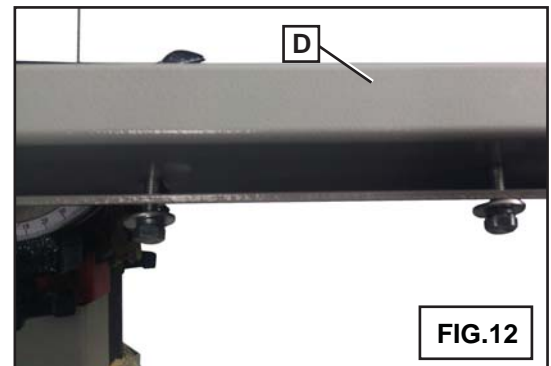
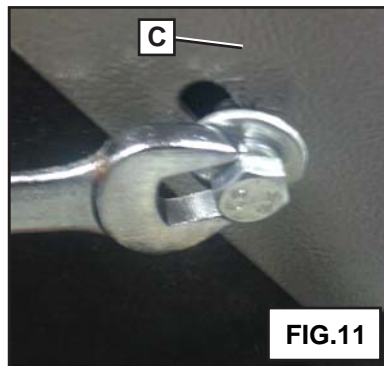
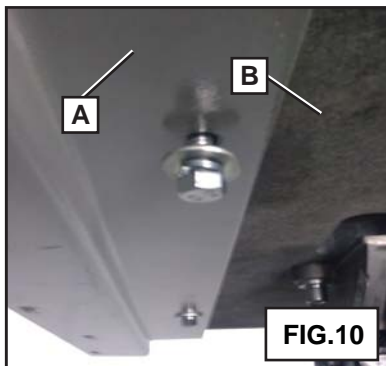
RAIL ASSEMBLY

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

Lay out the rails and hardware on the table top as shown in **FIG.9** .

1. Attach the front rail **(A)** to the underside of the granite table **(B)** using two M6 x 14mm hex head screws, two M6 lock washers, and two M6 flat washers. **SEE FIG.10** .
2. Attach the rear rail **(C)** to the rear of the table using two M6 x 14mm hex head bolts, two M6 lock washers, and two M6 flat washers. **SEE FIG.11** .
3. Fasten the guide tube **(D)** to the front rail using five M6 x 14mm hex head screws, five M6 lock washers, and five M6 flat washers. Try to center the screws in the slots of the front rail. Snug up the screws, but do not fully tighten at this time. **SEE FIG.12** .



FENCE ADJUSTMENT

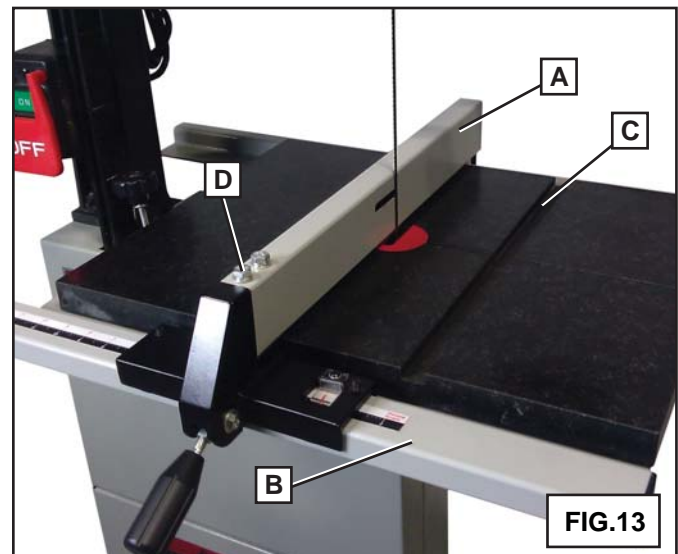
⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Place the fence **(A)** onto the guide tube **(B)**. Make sure that the hook on the rear of the fence fits under the rear rail. **SEE FIG.13** .
2. Align fence body with miter slot **(C)**. Lock the fence in place by pressing down on the handle. The fence body should align parallel. If adjustment is necessary, loosen the 2 hex bolts **(D)** in the top of the fence body and shift the body until it is parallel with the miter slot, then tighten the hex bolts. **SEE FIG.13** .
3. If fence body is still out of alignment with miter slot, you should adjust the 5 screws under guide tube and 2 screws under from rail by right/left and front/rear. Next, have fence body and C# miter slot in alignment to level the "0" on scale. After this, tighten the 7 piece screws.
4. With the fence locked in position on the guide tube, match the cursor line with the scale to zero when the fence body is against the blade. If the cursor and scale are correct, tighten the bolts that hold the guide tube in place. The other markings on the scale are for use with the resaw post.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not force the fence into the blade so that it bends. The fence just touches the blade.

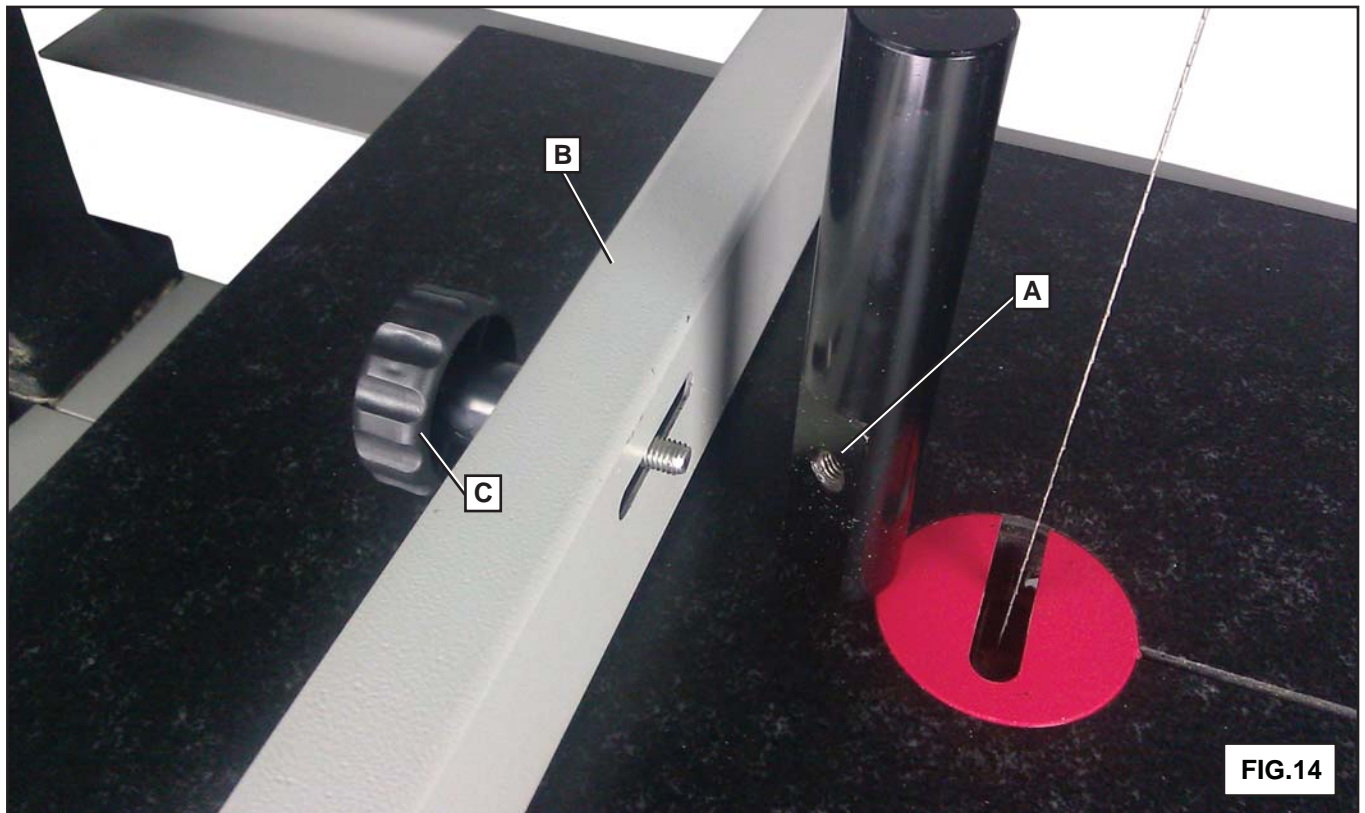


ATTACHING RESAW POST

WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Attach the resaw post (A) to the fence (B) by threading the lock knob (C) through the fence and fastening it to resaw post. **SEE FIG.14** .
2. Position post so that it is centered with the front edge of the blade and tighten securely.



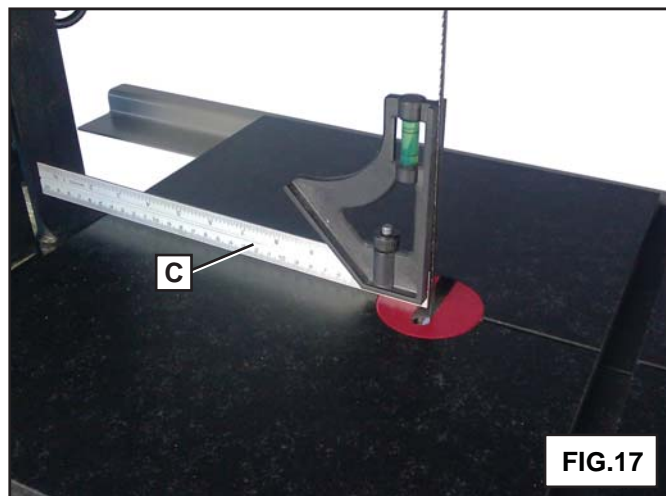
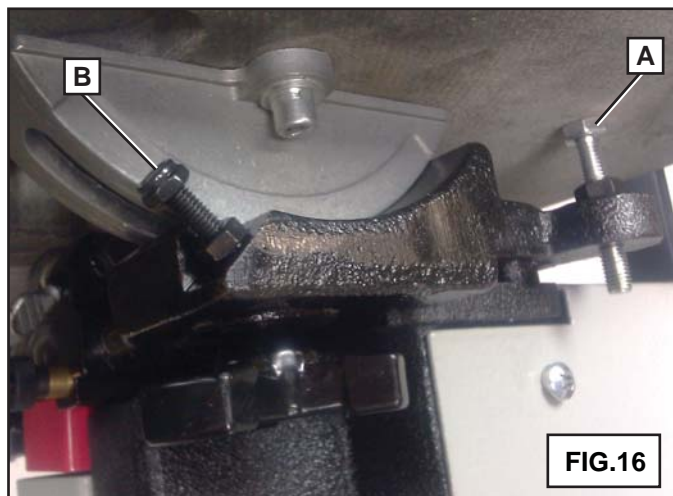
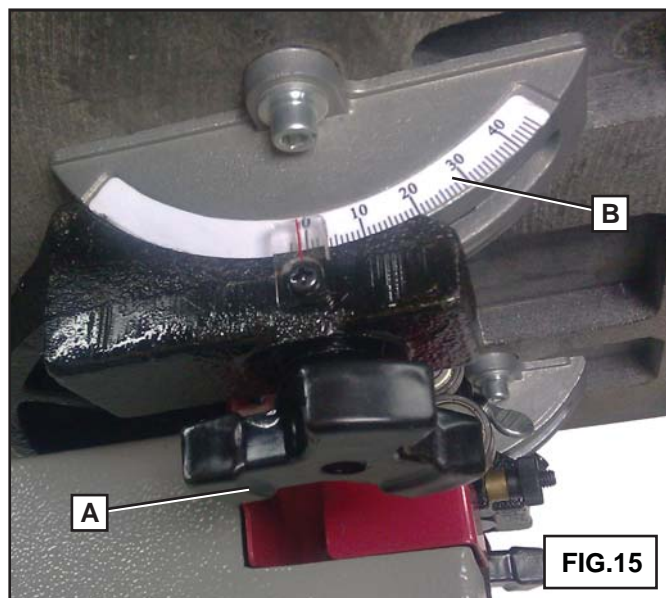
ADJUSTMENTS

TABLE TILT

The table on your bandsaw is designed to tilt up to 45 degrees to the right and up to 3 degrees to the left.

To tilt the table:

1. Loosen both lock knobs **(A)** on the underside of the table. **SEE FIG.15** (only one knob shown).
2. Tilt the table to the right noting that the scale **(B)** shows the angle of the table.
3. Retighten lock knobs when desired angle is achieved.
4. In order to tilt the table to the left and/or set the table at 90 degrees, you will need to adjust the stopping bolt under the table **(A)**. To set the stop for the right tilting of the table, adjust **(B)**. **SEE FIG.16**
5. **FIG.17** shows square on table and against saw blade **(C)**.



SETTING BLADE TENSION

The blade tension is set by using the blade tension knob. It **MUST** be set prior to initial operation as it plays a vital role in setup of other features of the bandsaw. It should also be checked when the blade is replaced, and from time to time as the blade will stretch after prolonged use. Keep in mind that putting too much or too little tension can cause either blade breakage (too much pressure) or poor cutting results (too little pressure).

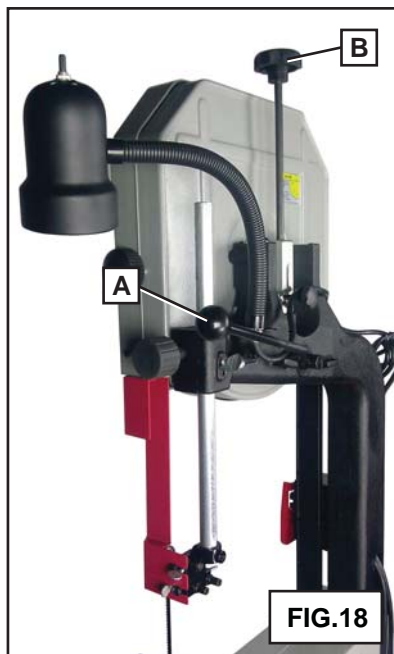
⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Loosen the tension on the blade by rotating the cam level **(A)** clockwise. **SEE FIG.18** .
2. Set the blade tension by rotating the knob **(B)** Turning the knob clockwise increases the tension while turning the handwheel counterclockwise decreases the tension.
3. As you rotate the knob you will notice a red marker **(C)** on the inside of the scale. This is to be used as a guideline for the blade tension depending on the width of the blade. For example, if you are using a 1/8" blade, align the red marker inside the scale with the 1/8" mark on the outside of the scale. **SEE FIG.19** .

NOTE: The scale is only recommended guideline for tensioning. Always follow the blade manufacturer's recommendations for proper blade tension.

NOTE: When the bandsaw is not in use, it is a good idea to release the tension on the blade using the cam lever.



BLADE TRACKING

Blade tracking refers to the way the saw blade rides on the wheels while the machine is in operation. This adjustment has been set at the factory, but it is a good practice to check the tracking each time before using the machine. Tracking should also be checked after a blade change.

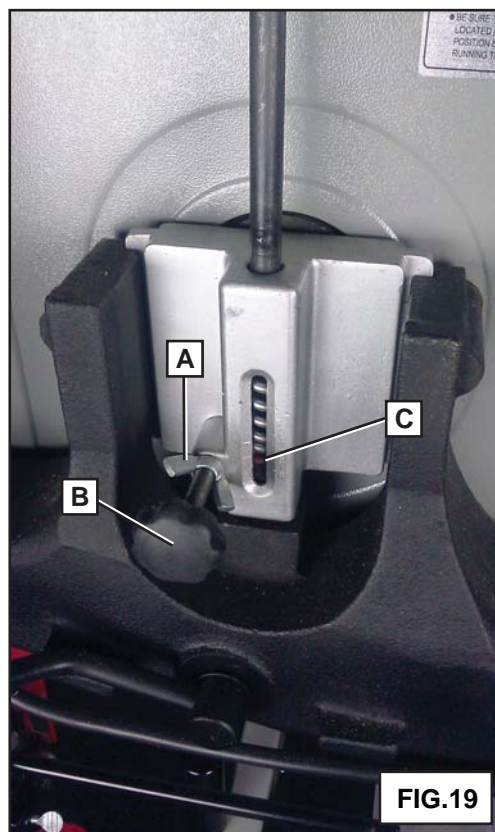
⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Open the upper door exposing the top wheel of the bandsaw.
2. Rotate the wheel clockwise, by hand, and take note of the position of the blade on the wheel. The blade should ride on the center of the wheel.
3. If the blade does not ride on the center of the wheel, or starts to move towards the edge of the wheel, loosen the wingnut **(A)** and turn the tracking adjustment knob **(B)**. **SEE FIG.19** .

NOTICE: When using the tracking adjustment knob, do so in small increments as this is a sensitive adjustment.

4. Rotate the wheel again. Repeat steps 2 through 4 until the blade rides on the center of the wheel.
5. Once proper tracking is achieved, close and secure the upper door and retighten wing nut loosened in step 3.



ADJUSTING TABLE POSITIVE STOPS

⚠ CAUTION

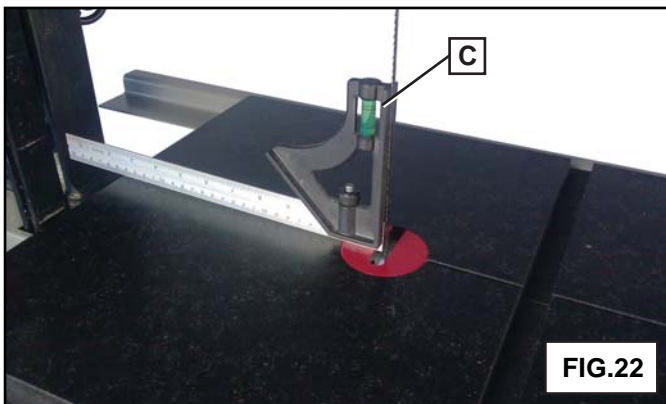
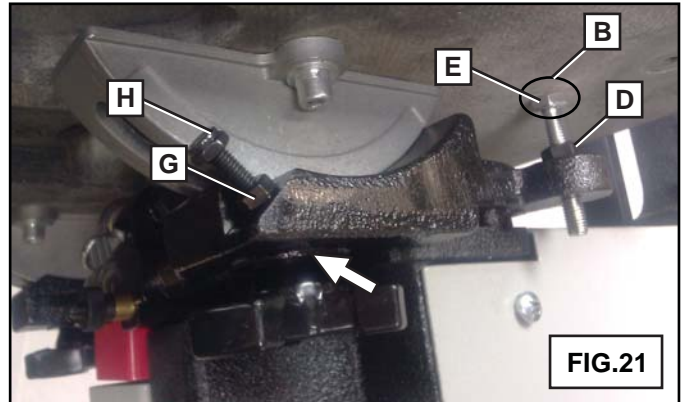
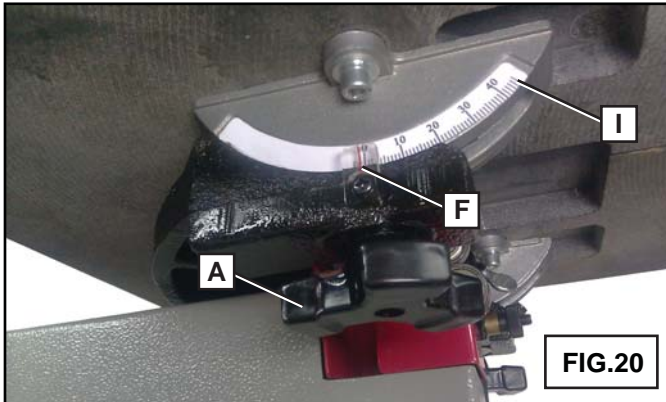
DO NOT attempt to set the positive stops until you have checked and/or adjusted both the blade tension and blade tracking. Refer to **SETTING BLADE TENSION** and **BLADE TRACKING** in the **ADJUSTMENTS** section of this manual.

SETTING 90 DEGREE STOP

1. Loosen both locking knobs **(A)**. **SEE FIG.20** (only one shown).
2. Let table rest on 90 degree stop **(B)**. **SEE FIG.21** .
3. Place square on table top and up against the saw blade **(C)**. **SEE FIG.22** . If an adjustment is necessary, tilt the table until it is square to the blade and tighten the two lock knobs **(A)**. **SEE FIG.20** .
4. Loosen hex nut **(D)** and adjust the 90 degree positive stop bolt **(E)** until it contacts the underside of the table. Retighten the nut **(D)**. **SEE FIG.21** .
5. Adjust the pointer on the bevel scale **(F)**. **SEE FIG.20** (shown off mark for your reference).

SETTING 45 DEGREE STOP

1. Loosen both locking knobs **(A)**. **SEE FIG.20** (only one shown).
2. Tilt the table until the pointer reaches the 45 degree mark on the scale **(I)**. **SEE FIG.20** .
3. If an adjustment is necessary, loosen hex nut **(G)**, adjust 45 degree stop bolt **(H)** until the contacts the table and then tighten **(G)**. To make adjustment, use Allen Key 3mm from bottom side **(arrow)**. Turn right or left to achieve 45 degrees, then tighten **(G)**. **SEE FIG.21** .



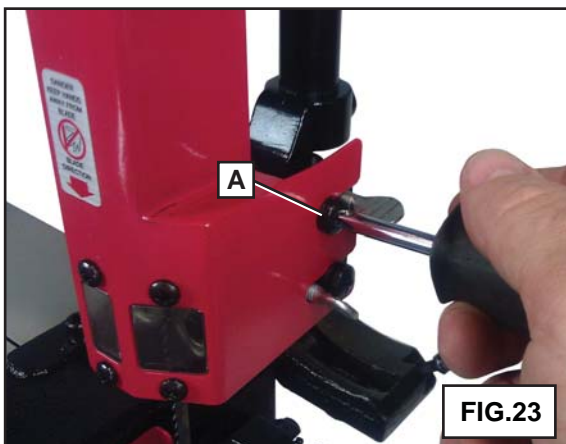
UPPER BEARING ADJUSTMENT

NOTICE: Make certain that you have followed all of the steps in the SETTING BLADE TENSION section in the adjustments section of this manual prior to starting this section.

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Remove the guard by loosening the 2 Philipps screws **(A)**. **SEE FIG.23** (screw driver not supplied).
2. Loosen thumbscrew **(B)** for the thrust bearing **(C)** and slide until it is within .003 **(arrow)** of the saw blade. Equivalent to thickness of a business card. Once bearing is set, tighten the thumbscrew **(B)**. **SEE FIG.24**.
3. The guide bearings **(D)** should be positioned within 1/32" of the blade. If an adjustment is necessary, loosen thumbscrew **(E)** and adjust knob **(F)**, only one shown, until the bearing is positioned the correct distance away and behind the teeth, taking into account the thrust bearing settings. Repeat for both left and right sides. Tighten the thumbscrews at this time. **SEE FIG.24**.
4. Spin the wheels by hand to see if more adjustments are needed.



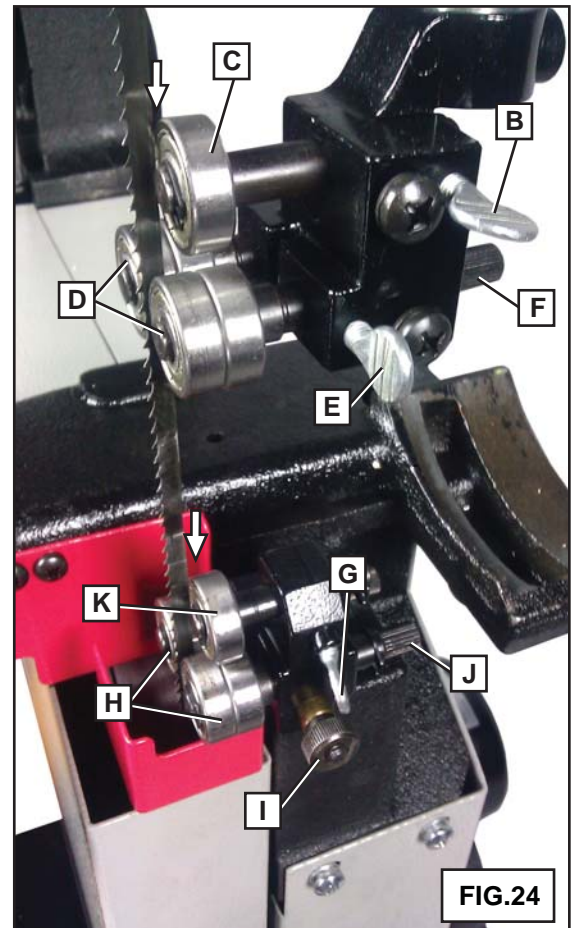
LOWER BEARING ADJUSTMENT

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

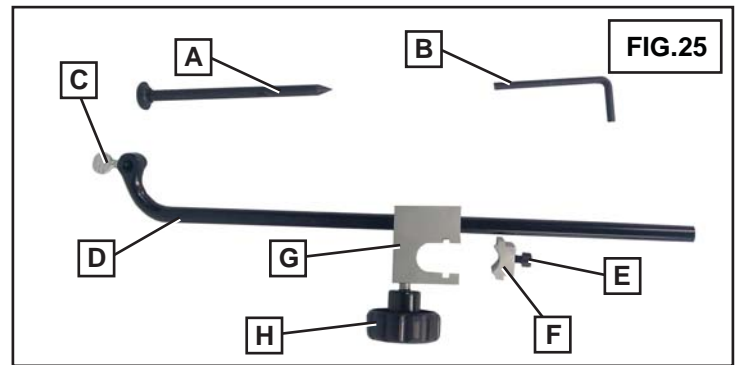
1. Loosen thumbscrew **(G)** and slide the thrust bearing **(K)** until it is within .003 **(arrow)** of the saw blade. Equivalent to thickness of a business card. Once set, tighten the thumbscrew. **SEE FIG.24**.
2. The guide bearings **(H)** should be positioned within 1/32" of the blade. If an adjustment is necessary, loosen thumb knob **(I)** and adjust knob **(J)**, only one shown, until the bearing is positioned the correct distance away and behind the teeth, taking into account the thrust bearing settings. Repeat for both left and right sides. Tighten the thumb knob **(I)** at this time. **SEE FIG.24**.
3. Spin the wheels by hand to see if more adjustments are needed.

Note: The table was removed for clarification.



CIRCLE CUTTING ATTACHMENT

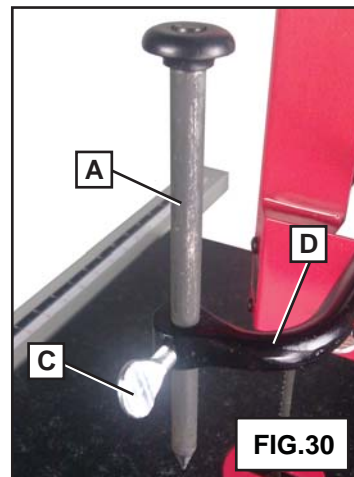
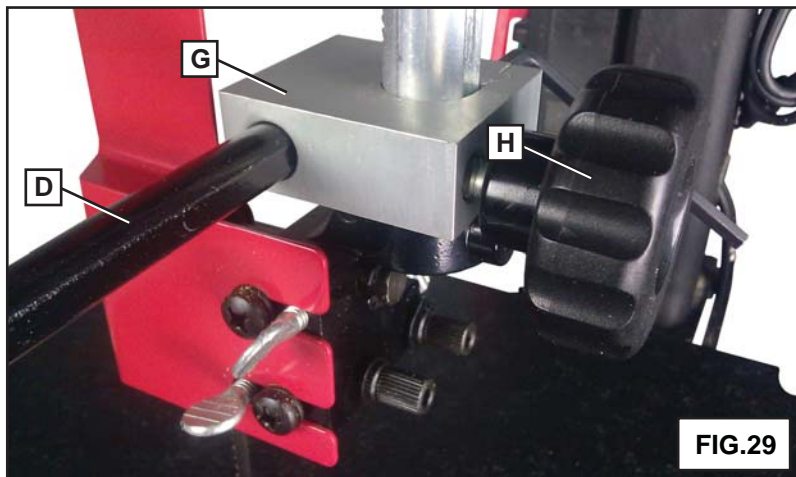
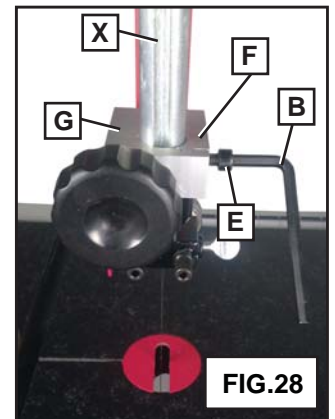
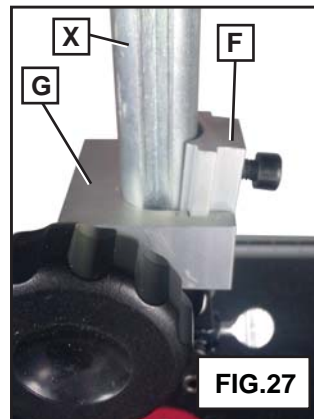
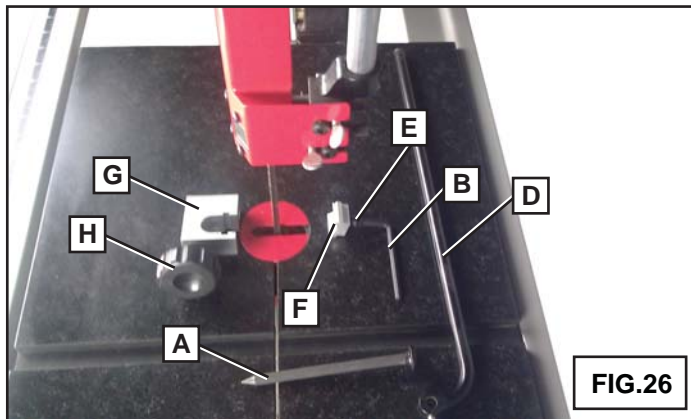
- A. Drawing Pin
- B. Hex Wrench 5 mm
- C. Thumb Screw
- D. Slide Rod
- E. Allen Screw
- F. Slide Block
- G. Slide Base
- H. Knob



INSTALLING CIRCLE CUTTING ATTACHMENT

1. Layout the parts on the table for easy access. **SEE FIG.26** (refer and match parts from FIG.25) .
2. Place the slide base (G) around the elevation rod (X) and position the slide block (F) into position to drop into place. **SEE FIG.27** .
3. With the slide block in position (G), tighten the Allen screw (E) with the hex wrench (B). **SEE FIG.28** .
4. Slide the rod (D) into position through the slide base (G) by loosening the knob (H) and then tighten knob. **SEE FIG.29** .
5. Loosen the thumbscrew (C) and slide the drawing pin (A) through the rod (D). **SEE FIG.30** .

To use this attachment, place your stock on the table. With the center marked on the wood, position the drawing pin over the cross by loosening the knob and the thumbscrew. Tighten the knob and use a mallet to tap the top of the drawing pin to seat in the X cross on the wood and tighten thumbscrew. Next, turn on the bandsaw and begin to push stock through the blade to cut. For a live demonstration, check out on YouTube.



BELT TENSION

Belt tension is adjusted using the tension knob **(A)** and wing nut **(B)**. It should be done on initial set up and checked periodically for wear as the belt may stretch over time. Correct belt tension is achieved when there is deflection of 1/2" at its midpoint **(C)**. **SEE FIG.31** .

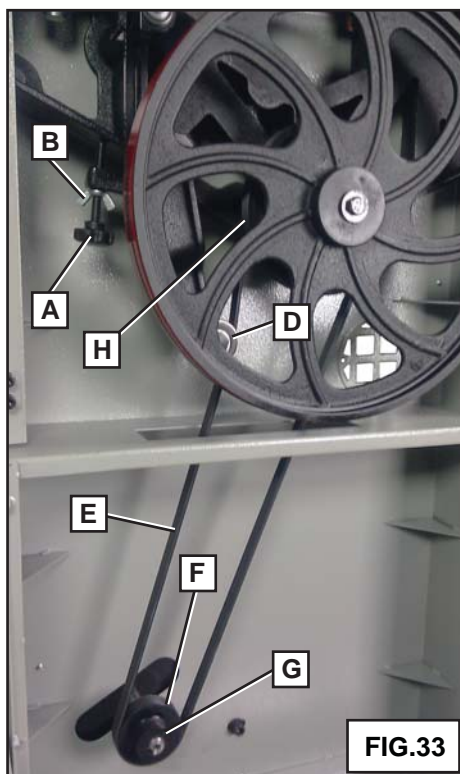
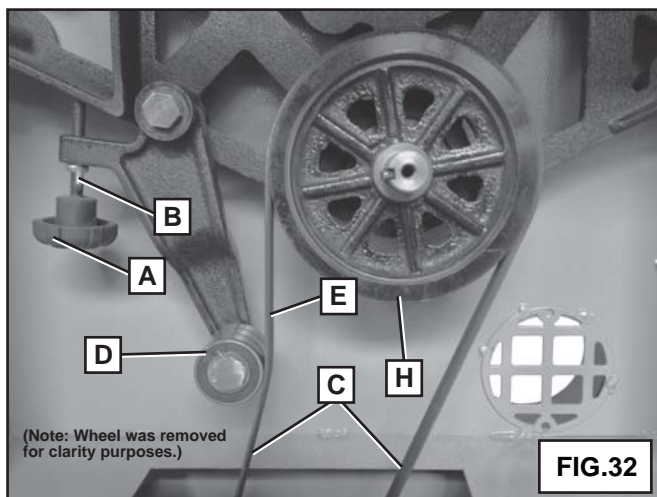
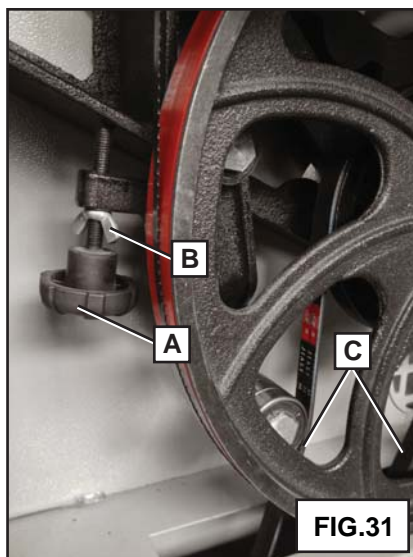
1. Loosen wing nut **(B)** and turn knob **(A)** clockwise to increase tension by pushing the bearings **(D)** against the belt **(E)** to make manual deflection of approximately 1/2" at this midpoint **(C)**. **SEE FIG.32** **(Note: Lower wheel removed for clarity).**

CHANGING BLADE SPEED

This bandsaw is designed to run at either 1,500 SFPM (square feet per minute) or 3000 SFPM. Which speed the blade runs at is determined by which set of pulleys the drive belt rests on. If the belt is installed on the smaller step of the motor pulley and the larger step of the lower wheel pulley, the blade will turn at a rate of 1,500 SFPM. Conversely, with the belt on the larger step of the motor pulley and the smaller step of the pulley will cause the blade to run at 3,000 SFPM. To change speeds:

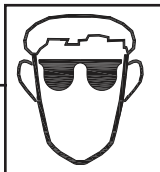
1. To change speeds, loosen wing nut **(B)** and turn knob **(A)** counter clockwise to release tension on the belt **(E)** by moving the bearings **(D)** away from the belt. **SEE FIG.33** .
2. When the belt is slack enough, move the belt **(E)** from one step **(G)** motor pulley to the other step and use the corresponding step on the lower wheel pulley **(H)**. **SEE FIG.32 and 33** .
3. When speed is selected and belt is on the corresponding steps, then increase tension as referred to in BELT TENSION section prior.

NOTICE: It is recommended to follow the step in the BELT TENSION section in the ADJUSTMENTS section of this manual whenever changing blade speed.



OPERATIONS

⚠ WARNING

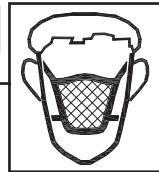


ALWAYS wear eye protection. Any machine can throw debris into the eyes during operations, which could cause severe and permanent eye damage. Everyday eyeglasses are **NOT** safety glasses. **ALWAYS** wear Safety Goggles (that comply with ANSI standard Z87.1) when operating power tools.

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

⚠ WARNING



ALWAYS wear a NIOSH/OSHA approved dust mask to prevent inhaling dangerous dust or air-borne particles.

NOTICE:

The following section was designed to give instructions on the basic operations of this bandsaw. However, it is in no way comprehensive of every bandsaw application. It is strongly recommended that you read books, trade magazines, or get formal training to maximize the potential of your bandsaw and to minimize the risks.

PRE RUN CHECK

Before you begin using your new bandsaw, you should give it a thorough inspection and ask yourself the following questions:

1. Are the guide bearings above and below the table adjusted properly?
2. Is the blade tension and tracking properly set?
3. Is the fence aligned parallel to both the table and the blade?
4. Is the unit stable? Does it rock or wobble? Are the feet adjusted?
5. Have you read all the warning associated with this bandsaw?

BLADE GUARD HEIGHT

1. The red guard height is set by loosening the thumbscrew (A) and turning the black knob (B) clockwise to raise and counter clockwise to lower. The guard should be no higher than 1/4" above the workpiece during use. **SEE FIG.34** .
2. To fine tune the guard to enter the upper wheel guard housing, you may loosen the set screw (C) on the bearing assembly and elevation shaft (D). Shift and then tighten as needed. **SEE FIG.34** .
3. If there is sloppiness in the elevation movement, you can adjust the set screw (E) located just below the thumbscrew. This meets with the slot in the elevation shaft. **SEE FIG. 34** .
4. To adjust vertical, loosen the 2 Philipps screws (F) with driver (not supplied) shift the guard (G) and then tighten both screws. **SEE FIG.34** .

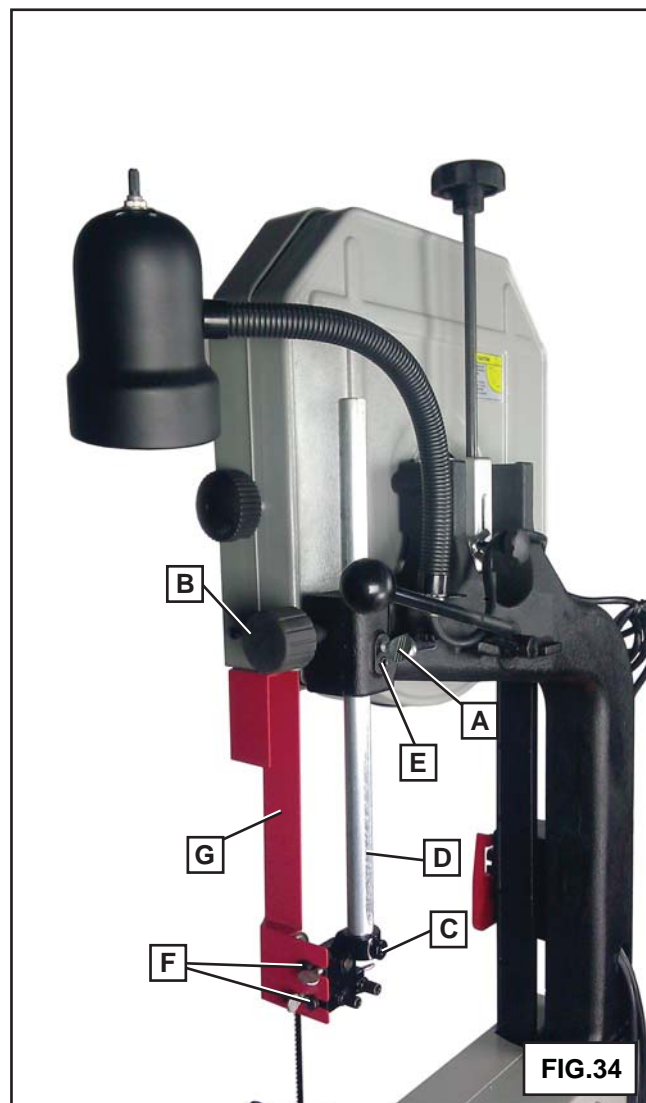


FIG.34

BLADE SELECTION

Using the proper saw blade for the job you are performing will optimize the efficiency of your bandsaw and increase the quality of your work. There are some basic questions that apply when determining which type of blade to use.

- What type of material is to be cut?
- How thick is the workpiece?
- What features does the workpiece contain, i.e. bends, curves, etc.?

These questions will help you with determining which type of blade to use. The type of blade is determined by 5 features. They are:

1. Blade width
2. Pitch
3. Tooth shape
4. Set
5. Blade material

BLADE WIDTH

Blades for the bandsaw are available in different standard widths. This width is measured from the rear of the blade to the tip of the tooth. In general, a wider blade is used for ripping and generally straight line cuts. The narrower blades are mainly used for cutting a workpiece with curves and bends.

BLADE DRIFT

Blade drift occurs when the blade begins to wander off the cutting line. It can be caused by several factors.

- Incorrect Blade Tension
- Wrong Blade Type
- Dull Blade

If you experience blade drift, check the appropriate adjustments first. If this does not correct the problem, the blade may have to be replaced. See **BLADE REPLACEMENT** in the **MAINTENANCE** section of this manual for more information.

PITCH

The unit of measure for pitch is teeth per inch. A fine pitch, meaning having more teeth per inch, will deliver a smoother cut, but will take a longer time to complete. A coarse pitch, meaning having fewer teeth per inch, will cut much faster, but leave a rougher finish. A good rule of thumb is the thicker the workpiece, the coarser the pitch should be.

TOOTH SHAPE

Tooth shapes come in several basic types. Three of them are hook, skip, and variable. Skip and hook types are used to help obtain a higher feed rate when cutting thick workpieces, while variable combines the features of two types of blades.

SET

The term “set” refers to the way that the saw teeth are bent or positioned. Set patterns are selected depending on the type of material being cut.

BLADE MATERIAL

Bandsaw blades can be made from different types of materials. Some common materials are carbon steel, spring steel, and high speed steel.

MAINTENANCE

GENERAL CLEANUP

- A. Keep the bearing guides clean and free of buildup of pitch, resin, etc.
- B. Remove any deposits from the wheels to help avoid vibration and premature blade breakage.
- C. Keep the inside of the bandsaw clear of sawdust. Occasionally vacuum out the inside of the unit or blow out the inside of the unit with air.
- D. Clean and grease the raising/lowering mechanism if the unit becomes difficult to move. **SEE FIG.35 (A) and (arrows)** .

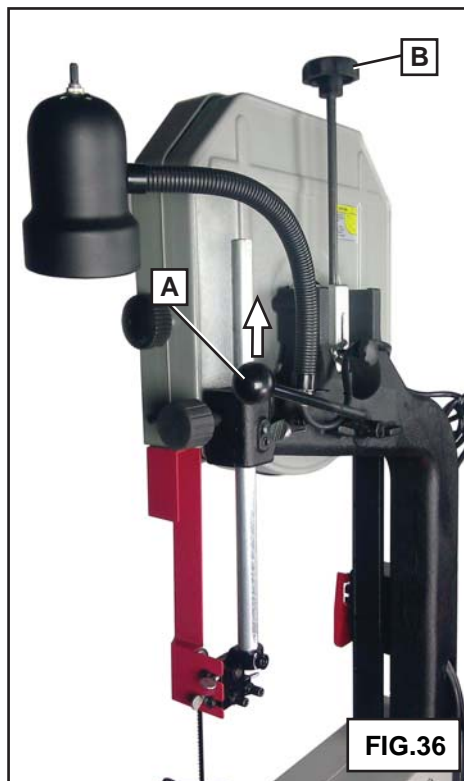
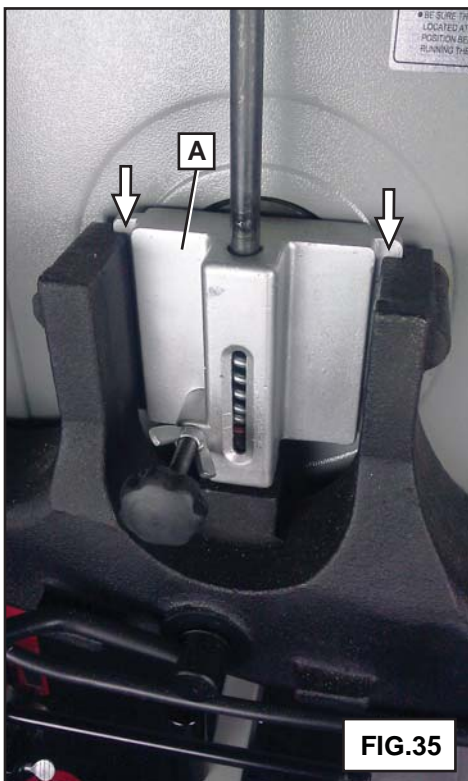
INSTALLING / CHANGING BLADES

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

- A. Remove the table insert and take the tension off of the blade by rotating the cam lever **(A)** clockwise. **SEE FIG.36** (in upwards position). May need to turn knob **(B)** to release more tension.
- B. Open both upper and lower doors of the bandsaw.
- C. Carefully remove the blade from between the upper and lower guides and remove the blade from bottom of the wheels. Slide the blade through the slot in the table to remove the old blade.
- D. To install, reverse the procedure. Guide the new blade through the slot in the table and place onto the center of the upper and lower wheels with the blade passing through the upper and lower bearings. Bearings may need to be reset if you change the size of the blade. Turn knob **(B)** to snug blade, pull cam lever **(A)** horizontally to stabilize tension. **SEE FIG.36** .
- E. Replace the table insert.

NOTE: The teeth of the blade must point down and towards the front of the saw.



REPLACING POLY-V BELT

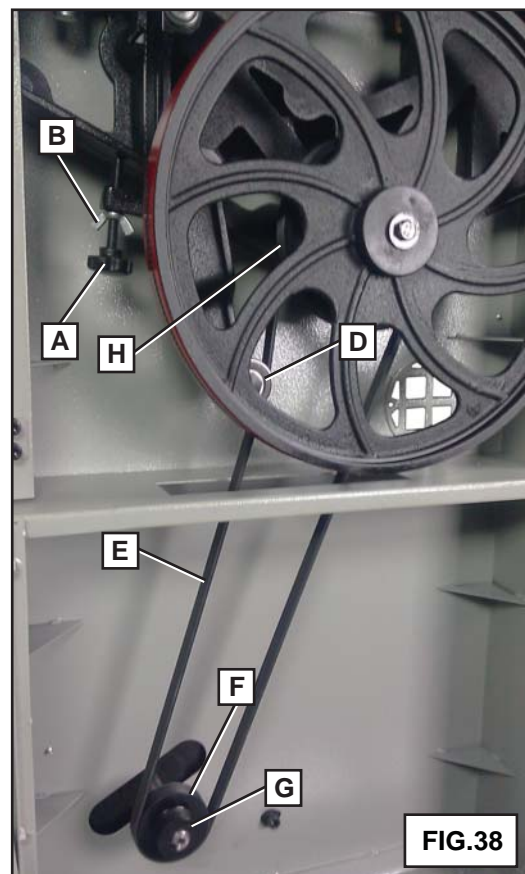
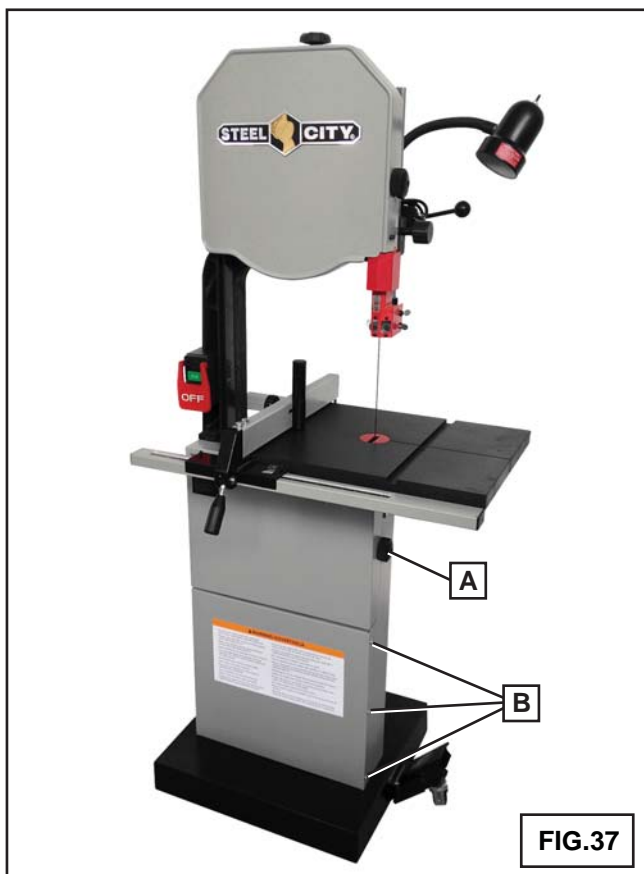
⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE SAW IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

1. Open the lower door by rotating the black knob counter clockwise **(A)**. **SEE FIG.37** .
2. Remove the 3 screws on the right side **(B)** and repeat on the left side with a Philipp's driver (not supplied). **SEE FIG.37** .
3. Release blade tension. Refer to instructions for CHANGING THE BLADE. Remove the blade.
4. With the belt exposed, loosen the wing nut **(B)** and turn knob counter clockwise **(A)** to release the bearings **(D)** from touching the belt **(E)**. **SEE FIG.37** .
5. Remove belt from upper pulley **(H)** and lower pulley **(F)**. **FIG.38** .
6. Remove belt by bringing up through the opening and move over the wheel starting on the left side and under the wheel and off the right side.
7. To replace, reverse the process and place either on the same step of the pulley. Refer to CHANGING SPEEDS. **FIG.28 (G)** shows that there are 2 steps on the lower pulley. There are also 2 steps on the upper pulley.
8. Reattached the lower panel and replace the 6 Philipps screws that were removed. Install the blade and apply proper tension and tracking. Close the door and lock by clockwise turning the black knob.

NOTICE: Before operating bandsaw, make sure to go back to the ADJUSTMENTS section of this manual and redo the following sections:

- Setting Blade Tension
- Blade Tracking
- Upper and Lower Guide Bearing Adjustments



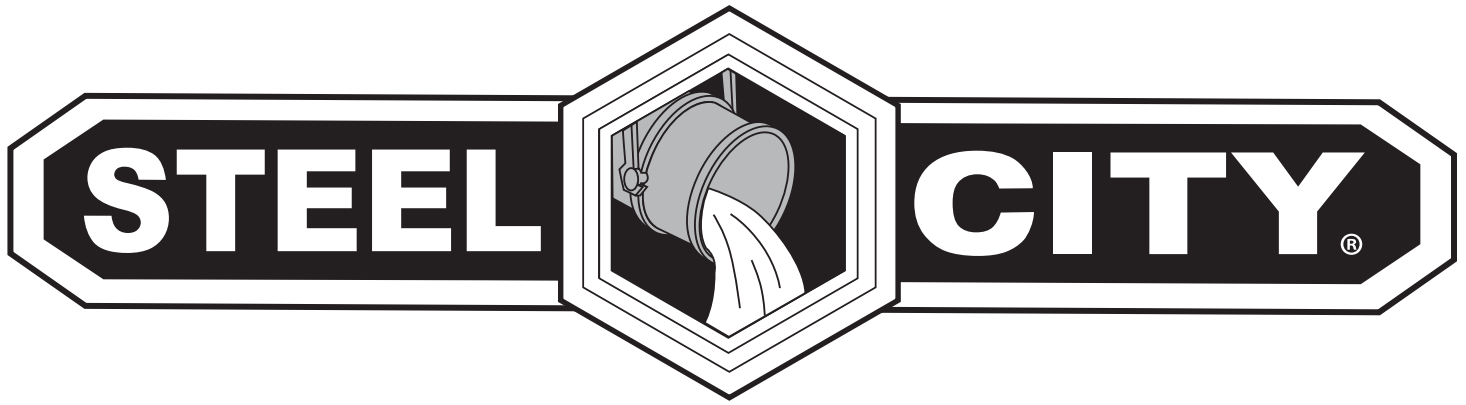
TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

This section covers the most common processing problems encountered in sawing and what to do about them. Do not make any adjustments until the bandsaw is unplugged and moving parts have come to a complete stop.

PROBLEM	LIKELY CAUSE(S)	SOLUTION
Saw stops or will not start.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Saw unplugged. 2. Fuse blown, or circuit breaker tripped. 3. Cord damaged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check plug connections. 2. Replace fuse, or reset circuit breaker. 3. Replace cord.
Does not make accurate 45° or 90° cuts.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stop not adjusted correctly. 2. Angle pointer not set accurately. 3. Miter gauge out of adjustment. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check blade with square and adjust stop. 2. Check blade with square and adjust pointer. 3. Adjust miter gauge.
Blade wanders during cut.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Warped wood. 2. Excessive feed rate. 3. Incorrect blade for cut. 4. Blade tension not set properly. 5. Guide bearings not set properly. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Select another piece of wood. 2. Reduce feed rate. 3. Change blade to correct type. 4. Set blade tension according to blade manufacturer's specs. 5. Review guide bearing adjustment.
Saw makes unsatisfactory cuts.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Dull blade. 2. Blade mounted wrong. 3. Gum or pitch on blade. 4. Incorrect blade for cut. 5. Gum or pitch on table. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace blade. 2. Teeth should point down. 3. Remove blade and clean. 4. Change blade to correct type. 5. Clean table.
Blade does not come up to speed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Extension cord too light or too long. 2. Low shop voltage. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace with adequate size and length cord. 2. Contact your local electric company.
Saw vibrates excessively.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Base on uneven floor. 2. Bad Poly V-belt. 3. Motor mount is loose. 4. Loose hardware. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reposition on flat, level surface. 2. Replace v-belt. 3. Tighten motor mount hardware. 4. Tighten hardware.

[illegible]

[illegible]



STEEL CITY TOOL WORKS

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(1-877-724-8665)

NOTES

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